<table>
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<tr>
<th>Vak: Ethics and Integrity of Governance (Periode 2)</th>
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<tr>
<td>Vak: Law of International Security (Periode 2)</td>
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<td>Vak: Politics of International Security (Periode 1)</td>
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Doel vak
The aim of the program is to familiarize the student with the conceptual framework on organizational ethics and integrity, and the state of the art of our knowledge on corruption, integrity violations and integrity management of public organizations in general and security organizations in particular. The student will be helped and stimulated to formulate own moral intuitions and opinions on these subjects.

The course goals are as follows:
1. Students are able to name and explain the main concepts en theories on ethics and integrity of governance.
2. Students are able to apply the main concepts en theories on ethics and integrity of governance to ethical dilemmas in the form of concrete organizational cases and societal matters that concern security.
3. Students are able to reflect on the main concepts and theories of ethics and integrity of governance by formulating (theoretical and practical) shortcomings and by connecting the different concepts and theories to each other.
4. Students are able to recognize moral aspects of and formulate own moral opinions on concrete organizational cases and societal matters that concern security, in terms of the main concepts and theories of ethics and integrity of governance.

Inhoud vak
Usually when an organization is on the front-page, something went terribly wrong with its integrity. Think of Enron or the private security company Blackwater. Because negative press can be devastating for the marketing and strategy of any business, nowadays no company can afford to design a strategy, without paying attention to (business) ethics. Similarly, integrity is of vital importance in every governmental policy: public trust in the integrity of government is crucial for its legitimacy and effectiveness. It is no wonder therefore that subjects such as public corruption, integrity and ethics have gained importance in the fields of public and private administration, political science, law and economics. This is ever more true when it concerns security. Because of their monopoly on the use of force, we expect security organizations, either public or private ones, to act with integrity. The organization and execution of security is faced with increasing demands to adhere to moral principles and to account for missteps or downright scandals. The former limited focus on 'corruption' and what is morally wrong is changing in the direction of integrity, ethics and what is morally good. The ‘Ethics and Integrity of Governance’ course will discuss conceptual and theoretical developments, paying particular attention to security.
organizations such as the police and the military. It also takes into account the role of government and other types of organizations in managing ethics and security. We will concentrate on understanding the role and meaning of integrity in these organizations, as well as on integrity strategies and institutions (integrity management) and their effects on integrity. In the course and in the lectures, we will actively discuss practical cases and ‘current affairs’.

**Onderwijsvorm**
Seminar

**Toetsvorm**
Written exam

**Literatuur**
- Book: to be announced.
- And 6 (journal) articles, listed on Blackboard.

**Doelgroep**
Students of the minor in International Security

**Law of International Security**

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<tr>
<td>Faculteit</td>
<td>Faculteit der Rechtsgeleerdheid</td>
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<tr>
<td>Coördinator</td>
<td>dr. T. Gazzini</td>
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<td>Docent(en)</td>
<td>dr. T. Gazzini</td>
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**Doel vak**
The course deals with the regulation of force in international law and the collective security system established by the United Nations Charter and other regional agreements.

**Inhoud vak**
The first part of the course is intended to introduce students to the basic features and principles of the international legal order. It focuses on the subjects of international law (primarily States and international organizations), the rules governing their relationships and the consequences of violations of these rules.
The course then deals with the incremental process aimed at constraining the use of military force in international relations, which culminated with the general prohibition on the threat or use of force with the exception of the right to individual and collective self-defence.
It then describes the creation of the United Nations collective security system and discusses its main pillars, problems and achievements. It finally explores, from both perspectives, how the new types of conflicts – including most prominently those related to the fight against international terrorism – have challenged existing international rules and security arrangements, and to what extent these rules need to be reconsidered.
While the legal dimension of the course is clearly predominant, students may expect frequent insights on the question of collective security from the standpoint of international relations and politics.

**Toetsvorm**
One written examination. Students are assessed on the basis of a written exam (two questions out of three).

**Literatuur**
M. Shaw, International Law, 6th ed., Cambridge University Press, Chapters 1, 3, 5, 14, 18, 20, 21, 22
Official documents and international decisions as indicated before each lecture.

**Politics of International Security**

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**Doel vak**
- Familiarize students with the main theoretical outlooks in the field;
- Present students with the most topical themes of the current international relations;
- Enable students to apply learnt theory in practical analytical work.

**Inhoud vak**
Politics of International Security is an introductory class in international security for 3rd year undergraduate students taking part in the International Security minor. The main purpose of this course is two-fold: to introduce students into main theoretical perspectives of the contemporary study of international security and to offer an overview of the most pertinent themes in international security. Students will explore the main avenues of theoretical thinking about international security and will learn about particular strengths and weaknesses of individual theories. Students will also familiarize with the international security architecture, its main actors and institutions and study contemporary issues within the field of international security, such as asymmetric warfare, energy security, climate conflicts, arms trade and ethnic violence.

**Onderwijsvorm**
Seminar

**Toetsvorm**
15% class participation
25% group paper
60% final exam

**Literatuur**
To be announced
Doelvak
The course has the following objectives: a) acquisition and application of research skills; b) critical assessment of scholarly work; c) integration of knowledge from the various subfields of the minor.

Inhoud vak
Students are advised how to produce a brief research paper that elaborates on a topic in one of the subfields of the minor.

Onderwijsvorm
In this course students are divided in groups that correspond to key themes in the preceding four courses. After a limited number of tutorial meetings to define a research question and to delineate the relevant literature and the main positions in it, they are to write a research report as a group. The research to be undertaken is to be mainly based on the secondary literature but is also to involve some analysis of primary data like relevant policy documents or interviews with policy makers.

Toetsvorm
Paper

Literatuur
To be announced

Doelgroep
Students of the minor in International Security and exchange students.

Security and Policing
Doel vak
The aim of the program is to help the students to understand on the one hand the history, development and political function of policing, international policing and intelligence communities, and the rise of private policing, and on the other hand local safety policies, control technologies, gated communities, and ‘the politics of behaviour’ (strategies to tackle anti-social behavior). The ultimate goal of the course is to enable the students to formulate critical academic questions and opinions about these subjects.

Inhoud vak
The course addresses the field of national (and international) governance of security and policing with attention being paid to the manifold challenges the sector is confronted with. These challenges arise from the priority of safety and security in society and governance (local, national, and international) and bring along dilemma’s for the security and policing organizations and professionals involved (structure and culture, including the ethical dilemmas connected to that).

Onderwijsvorm
Interactive lectures; preparatory, class students have read the chapters/articles and participate in the debate.

Toetsvorm
Written exam

Literatuur
- Additional literature will be announced on Blackboard.

Doelgroep
Students of the International Security minor and exchange students.