The two-year (120EC) programme

Human Movement Sciences: Sport, Exercise and Health (Research) aims at training for so-called “translational research”; research on the cutting edge of fundamental and clinical human movement sciences that tries to integrate fundamental knowledge and clinical questions. This requires a strongly multidisciplinary approach, but also a well developed knowledge and experience of the workings of fundamental research and clinical practice. The Research Master’s offers a very broad, but human movement oriented programme, stretching from molecular biology to cognitive neuroscience and human motor behaviour. The programme intends to prepare students for a research career in the area of movement-related disorders.

Admission to the programme
The programme is open for students with a clinical, science or technical BSc diploma related to the field of Movement Sciences. The Master’s programme is a so-called selective master, which implies that the programme has a maximum intake of thirty students per year and that admission is linked to strict criteria such as the average grade (for either BSc-, or premaster programme), the quality of the premaster / bachelor research project and of course, motivation and proficiency in English.

Structure of the programme
The first year of the programme is dedicated to training for research, which embraces a core programme on subjects relevant for translational, interdisciplinary research, training in general research methods and methology and selective courses to prepare especially for the research year.

The second year is dedicated to research and is spent as either one internship (60EC), or a combination of a minor (24EC) and major internship (36EC). The department offers ample possibilities for spending (part of the) internship abroad.

The research master programme coordinator serves as the advisor for all students. Approval of all study programmes has to be obtained from the Examination Board.

Master courses are taught in English. The course material is in English.

Overview of the programme
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RM1 Optional Courses</th>
<th>1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RM1 Obligatory Courses</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RM2 Obligatory programme</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: 3D-Kinematics (Periode 4)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Advanced Methodology (Periode 5)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Clinical Exercise Physiology (Periode 3)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Coordination Dynamics: principles and clinical applications (Periode 2)</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Electromyography (Periode 4)</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Energy Flow Models (Periode 2)</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Exercise Immunology (Periode 1)</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Fatigue, Aging and Disuse (Periode 5)</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: History and Theory of Movement Sciences (Periode 1)</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Intermuscular Load Sharing (Periode 6)</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Introduction into the Clinic ()</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Maximal Neuromuscular Performance (Periode 2)</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Mechanical and Adaptive Myology (Periode 5)</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Molecular Biology (Periode 1)</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Neurosciences (Periode 2)</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Perception for Action (Periode 4)</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Psychological Factors in Sport (Periode 2)</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Research Internship Research Master (Ac. Jaar (september))</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Sport Biomechanics (Periode 5+6)</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Statistics for Experimental Research (Periode 4)</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Studentbegeleiding (Ac. Jaar (september))</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Time Series Analysis (Periode 5)</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Tissue Engineering and Mechanobiology (Periode 4)</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vak: Treating Locomotor Disease (Periode 2+3)</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
RM1 Optional Courses

Vakken:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Naam</th>
<th>Periode</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3D-Kinematics</td>
<td>Periode 4</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>B_3DKIN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clinical Exercise Physiology</td>
<td>Periode 3</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>B_CLINEXERC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coordination Dynamics: principles and clinical applications</td>
<td>Periode 2</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>B_CLINCORDYN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electromyography</td>
<td>Periode 4</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>B_ELECTROMYO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Energy Flow Models</td>
<td>Periode 2</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>B_ENERFLOW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fatigue, Aging and Disuse</td>
<td>Periode 5</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>B_FATIGUE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intermuscular Load Sharing</td>
<td>Periode 6</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>B_INMUSCLOAD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction into the Clinic</td>
<td></td>
<td>6.0</td>
<td>B_INTROCLIN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximal Neuromuscular Performance</td>
<td>Periode 2</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>B_MAXNEUR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mechanical and Adaptive Myology</td>
<td>Periode 5</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>B_MECHADMYO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perception for Action</td>
<td>Periode 4</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>B_PERCACTION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Psychological Factors in Sport</td>
<td>Periode 2</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>B_PSYFACSPRT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sport Biomechanics</td>
<td>Periode 5+6</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>B_SPORTBIO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Studentbegeleiding</td>
<td>Ac. Jaar (september)</td>
<td>6.0</td>
<td>B_STDBEG</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time Series Analysis</td>
<td>Periode 5</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>B_TIMESERANA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RM1 Obligatory Courses

Vakken:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Naam</th>
<th>Periode</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Advanced Methodology</td>
<td>Periode 5</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>B_ADVANMETH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exercise Immunology</td>
<td>Periode 1</td>
<td>6.0</td>
<td>B_EXERIMMUNO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>History and Theory of Movement Sciences</td>
<td>Periode 1</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>B_HTOMS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular Biology</td>
<td>Periode 1</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>B_MOLECULBIO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neurosciences</td>
<td>Periode 2</td>
<td>6.0</td>
<td>B_NEUROSC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statistics for Experimental Research</td>
<td>Periode 4</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>B_STATEXPRES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tissue Engineering and Mechanobiology</td>
<td>Periode 4</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>B_TISSUEENG</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treating Locomotor Disease</td>
<td>Periode 2+3</td>
<td>6.0</td>
<td>B_LOCOMOTOR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
RM2 Obligatory programme

Vakken:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Naam</th>
<th>Periode</th>
<th>Credits</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Research Internship</td>
<td>Ac. Jaar (september)</td>
<td>60.0</td>
<td>B_RIRM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research Master</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3D-Kinematics

Vakcode B_3DKIN (900632)
Periode Periode 4
Credits 3.0
Voertaal Engels
Faculteit Faculteit der Bewegingswetenschappen
Coördinator prof. dr. J. Harlaar
Docent(en) prof. dr. H.E.J. Veeger
Lesmethode(n) Hoorcollege, Computerpracticum
Niveau 500

Doel vak
The student is capable to:
• Define and calculate local joint coordinate systems;
• use and understand different calibration methods and their limitations;
• translate technical motion descriptions into clinically relevant units;
• apply the above to experimental data;
• interpret and comment on methods as described in the literature.

Inhoud vak
In this course students are introduced to the fundamentals of three-dimensional kinematics, as well as the (more or less) standard application methods.
The course will comprise three separate blocks focusing on:
1. the definition and use of local coordinate systems in the calculation of osteokinematics;
2. the use of technical marker sets as well as the practical implications of data processing, especially correcting for missing markers and;
3. the calculation procedures for obtaining helical axes, needed for the definition of functional axes-based coordinate systems.

The course consists of classes, computer practicals and work group, in which 3D kinematics theory and application will be taught and consequences for research will be discussed.

Onderwijsvorm
Lectures, computer practicals and tutorials

The three computer practicals are linked to in-term assessments. Each practical will contribute for 15% to the final score.
**Toetsvorm**
The assessment consists of:
- three in-term practical assignments, each contributing for 15% of the
  final score;
- computer test consisting of a matlab based assignment and a literature
  review (55%)

**Literatuur**
Relevant papers will be listed in Blackboard.
A useful source is the book by Zatsiorsky (Zatsiorsky, Valdimir M.,
Kinematics of Human Motion. Champaign, Illinois: Human Kinetics, 1st
edition, 1998. ISBN 0-880110767-5), which will be used as reference
material.

**Vereiste voorkennis**
This course requires proficiency in Matlab and matrix calculation. If
there is a deficiency related to Matlab skills, students are strongly
advised to take the TUE web-based matlab course that can be found at
http://www.imc.tue.nl/
The BSc course “Mechanische Analyse …” is advised.

**Overige informatie**
The maximum number of participants in this course is limited to 40.

**Advanced Methodology**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vakcode</th>
<th>B_ADVANMETH (900808)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Periode</td>
<td>Periode 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credits</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voertaal</td>
<td>Engels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faculteit</td>
<td>Faculteit der Bewegingswetenschappen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lesmethode(n)</td>
<td>Hoorcollege, Werkcollege</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Niveau</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Doel vak**
At the end of course the student will be capable to understand
statistical models for regression, and use them to analyze data with
the help of a statistical package

**Inhoud vak**
Regression models try to explain or predict a dependent variable using
measured “independent variables” (or “fixed effects”). Statistical
methods are needed if there is random variation in the dependent
variables and/or if the measured variables are a sample from a
population. Dependencies in the variables (for instance by repeatedly
measuring the same unit) require introduction of unmeasured “random
effects.

In this course the concept of a statistical model, as given by equations
involving random variables, will be central. The model reflects a design
by which data is collected, allows to formulate the assumptions
underlying the statistical analysis, and is basic for interpreting the
results of the analysis. The analysis itself is carried out by a
computer package, for which we need to know code but no formulas.
Brief introduction to basic statistical concepts. Statistical model,
likelihood function, maximum likelihood estimation, confidence region, likelihood ratio test, p-value.

Fixed effects regression. Multiple linear regression: estimation, testing, variable selection and diagnostics. Extension to generalized linear models.

Mixed effects regression. Linear random effects models, repeated measures, longitudinal data. Extension to nonlinear models. Introduction to R. Basics of the open source computer package R (http://www.r-project.org/), and its application to fixed and mixed effects regression.

Onderwijsvorm
lecture
4 x 2 hours
tutorial
5 x 2 hour
Lectures, practical exercises, discussion of the exercises.

Toetsvorm
Based on the written reports of the assignments.

Literatuur
- slides of the lectures;
- r manual;
- assignments;
- background reading to be announced.

Vereiste voorkennis
Previous experience with statistics. Some knowledge of ANOVA.

Intekenprocedure
Course website
blackboard

Overige informatie
Course website http://www.math.vu.nl/~aad/ARM/

Clinical Exercise Physiology

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vakcode</th>
<th>B_CLINEXERC (900670)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Periode</td>
<td>Periode 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credits</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voertaal</td>
<td>Engels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faculteit</td>
<td>Faculteit der Bewegingswetenschappen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coördinator</td>
<td>prof. dr. C.C. Foster Jr.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lesmethode(n)</td>
<td>Hoorcollege, Practicum, Werkcollege</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Niveau</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Doel vak
To provide the student with the fundamental knowledge of clinical exercise physiology as a variant of normal exercise physiology, which will enable the student to apply this knowledge in preventive and rehabilitative exercise programs.
Inhoud vak
Basic didactic information and laboratory experiences of the effect of pathophysiologic conditions on human energy metabolism and health. The focus will be on organ systems and their linkage to ATP generating pathways and on how this influences skeletal muscle performance. The application is to the use of exercise both diagnostically and as a therapeutic tool. After this course the student will have the fundamental knowledge and skills to use exercise in patients with cardiopulmonary/metabolic disease and to work cooperatively with other health care providers.

Onderwijsvorm
Lecture
Practical laboratory exercises
Directed reading

Toetsvorm
multiple choice

Literatuur
A selection of articles and practical guide on BlackBoard

Vereiste voorkennis
Toegepaste Inspanningsfysiologie.

Coordination Dynamics: principles and clinical applications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vakcode</th>
<th>B_CLINCORDYN (900666)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Periode</td>
<td>Periode 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credits</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voertaal</td>
<td>Engels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faculteit</td>
<td>Faculteit der Bewegingswetenschappen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coördinator</td>
<td>dr. M. Roerdink</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Docent(en)</td>
<td>dr. M. Roerdink</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lesmethode(n)</td>
<td>Hoorcollege, Computerpracticum, Practicum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Niveau</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Doel vak
The student is acquainted with the principles, concepts and methods of coordination dynamics, as used in the study of basic and pathological movements. The student can explain these aspects of coordination dynamics in a qualitative manner and is able to indicate how they may contribute to clinical diagnosis and intervention.

Inhoud vak
The coordination dynamics approach is pursued to study how patterns of coordinated movement come about, persist and change as a function task constraints, learning, expertise and pathology. Coordination dynamics is governed on the one hand by principles of self-organization, and on the other hand by intentionality, perceptual information and explicit knowledge.

Coordination patterns exist at multiple levels:
1. dynamics within or between body segments of a moving person;
2. dynamics between moving segments of multiple persons and
3. dynamics between person and external events, as well as between persons.

The first part of the course provides an overview of the principles, concepts and methods of coordination dynamics. The second part of the course focuses on the application of coordination dynamics in a clinical (rehabilitation) setting, with specific emphasis on pathological gait and interventions based on environmental coupling. Specifically, coordination dynamics provides a framework to study the nature of healthy and pathological movements by assessing stability and loss of stability of coordination patterns, thereby assisting the diagnosis and evaluation of rehabilitation-induced changes in coordination. Furthermore, coordination dynamics may promote therapeutic interventions based on environmental coupling, aimed at facilitating desired coordination patterns and/or stabilizing existing unstable coordination patterns.

Onderwijsvorm
Amount of contact hours, divided in:
Lectures: 8 * 1.75 hrs
Laboratories: 2 * 2.00 hrs
Computer Practicals: 5 * 2.00 hrs
Exam: 2.75 hrs

Part 1: Principles of coordination dynamics
- Lecture 1: How nature handles complexity: self-organization of behavior
- Lecture 2: Coordination dynamics at multiple levels
- Lecture 3: Tools and methods of coordination dynamics
- Laboratory 1: Relative phase and phase transitions in action
- Practical 1: Analyses of rhythmic interlimb coordination
- Practical 2: Analyses of rhythmic sensorimotor coordination

Part 2: Clinical applications of coordination dynamics
- Lecture 4: Introduction to clinical coordination dynamics
- Lecture 5: Interventions based on environmental coupling
- Laboratory 2: Clinical coordination dynamics in action
- Practical 3: Functional changes in interlimb interactions following stroke
- Practical 4: Pathological gait modulation with visual and acoustic cues
- Lecture 6: Coordination dynamics and pathological gait
- Lecture 7: Coordination dynamics in the future
- Practical 5: Optional class for questions and feedback
- Lecture 8: Feedback on Laboratories and Practical plus discussion on example exam questions

The practical exercises aim to apply the principles of coordination dynamics to concrete experimental and clinical settings. The Laboratories entail hands-on experience with examining rhythmic interlimb and sensorimotor coordination as well as assessments and interventions involving environmental couplings in rehabilitation practice. The computer practicals are included to become acquainted with the handling and interpretation of the gathered data using methods of coordination dynamics (Matlab scripts and functions are provided; no programming skills required). Note that Laboratory 2 will be held at the Duyvensz-Nagel Research Laboratory of Reade Center for Rehabilitation and Rheumatology (DNO, Reade, Overtoom 283).
Toetsvorm
Interim (20%) and final (80%) written exam, consisting of a combination of open questions and true/false statements.

Literatuur
A selection of relevant book chapters and articles.

Electromyography

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vakcode</th>
<th>B_ELECTROMYO (900815)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Periode</td>
<td>Periode 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credits</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voertaal</td>
<td>Engels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faculteit</td>
<td>Faculteit der Bewegingswetenschappen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coördinator</td>
<td>prof. dr. ir. D.F. Stegeman</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Docent(en)</td>
<td>prof. dr. J.H. van Dieen, prof. dr. ir. D.F. Stegeman</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lesmethode(n)</td>
<td>Hoorcollege, Practicum, Computerpracticum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Niveau</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Doel vak
- The student has a basic knowledge of electrophysiology and the background of electromyographical; signals;
- the student has a basic knowledge of the different ways of collecting electromyographic data in various application fields;
- the student can collect and analyze EMG data for kinesiological use;
- the student can choose the appropriate method for collecting EMG data in kinesiological study;
- the student knows the possibilities and limitations of EMG data;
- the student can interpret EMG data in relation to motor control, force and fatigue;
- the student can identify contamination in EMG data and can apply methods to reduce its effects;
- the student knows the standards for reporting EMG data.

Inhoud vak
In this course, the students are introduced to the electrophysical background of electromyograph (EMG). Subsequently, the course focuses on methodological aspects of EMG acquisition and analysis, focusing on the potential of this method as well as its pitfalls.

Onderwijsvorm
lectures 6 x 2 hours
practical 3 x 3 hours (incl. 1*3 hours in Nijmegen in between the two others)
The lectures introduce the following topics:
- electrophysiology;
- motor control (motor unit recruitment and firing);
- instrumentation and electrodes;
- HD- EMG and spastio- temporal information;
- onset determination;
- amplitude estimation;
- force estimation;
- cocontraction and cross- talk;
- motor unit firing and decomposition;
- frequency content, conduction velocity and fatigue.
Practicals concern measuring EMG, analyzing EMG data.

**Toetsvorm**
2 hours; written test with equally weighted open-ended questions

**Literatuur**
Research articles and lecture handouts to be made available before the course

**Vereiste voorkennis**
- knowledge of and skills in programming in MATLAB at the level described for example in ‘Verwerken van digitale signalen’.
- basic knowledge and understanding of the physiology of muscles and their control.

**Overige informatie**
Maximum number of students: 40

### Energy Flow Models

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vakcode</th>
<th>B_ENERFLOW (900675)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Periode</td>
<td>Periode 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credits</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voertaal</td>
<td>Engels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faculteit</td>
<td>Faculteit der Bewegingswetenschappen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coördinator</td>
<td>dr. J.J. de Koning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Docent(en)</td>
<td>dr. J.J. de Koning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lesmethode(n)</td>
<td>Hoorcollege, Computerpracticum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Niveau</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Doel vak**
To provide the student with knowledge about energy flow models, and so to enable the student to apply this knowledge in the modelling of human endurance performance.

**Inhoud vak**
Research in which exercise physiology and biomechanics are combined as a ‘toolbox’ is apparently unique and successful. This course familiarizes the student with one branch of this approach. Energy flow models, based on power equations, will be used to study performance determining factors in endurance sports. This course explains the technique of modelling, how parameter values are obtained from experiments and how simulations with the model can be done. The student will construct a model of an endurance athlete to study the effect of parameter values on performance in cycling, speed skating and running. The models will be made in MATLAB. Knowledge of MATLAB is necessary to be successful in this course.

**Onderwijsvorm**
Lectures and guided practical;
34 hours (28 practical, 6 lecture).

**Toetsvorm**
Written examination and practical report (30%/70%).
Literatuur
A selection of articles and practical guide on Blackboard.

Vereiste voorkennis
900104: Biomechanica (Students are expected to have sufficient knowledge of this subject);
900215: Mechanische analyse van het menselijk bewegen (Students are expected to have sufficient knowledge of this subject)

Exercise Immunology

Doel vak
The student:
- is capable to understand the principles of the functioning of the immune system and understand its importance for the homeostasis of the body;
- has a good knowledge of the various cell types and organs that cooperate in the body's defense is acquired;
- will learn in addition to an in depth knowledge of the function of the immune system, how the immune system can attack our own body and how immunological diseases can affect joint functions and neural innervation in normal situations.

Inhoud vak
In a series of lectures the immune system will be explained. In two practicals the structure of the lymphoid organs and immunological techniques are taught. In two tutorials several aspects of the immune system will be discussed in depth. In addition students present literature to study the role of exercise clinical immunology. The assessment consists of a written examination.

Onderwijsvorm
lecture
practical
tutorial

- Lectures based on the textbook “The Immune System” by P. Parham, the lectures will follow the various chapters. Emphasizing the highlights and by giving additional examples the functioning of the immune system are explained;
- Tutorials: in the tutorial the role of antibodies in disease and vaccination will be discussed. Attention will be given to the therapeutic use of antibodies in various diseases;
Fatigue, Aging and Disuse

**Doel vak**
At the end of this course the student has knowledge of the short term changes in the physiology of the neuromuscular system, as induced by fatigue and long term adaptations as a result of disuse and aging, and the underlying (molecular) mechanisms. The student can apply this knowledge to questions regarding human movement in various situations (e.g. sports, aging, illness, injury, disorders).

**Inhoud vak**
During the course, a critical overview is given of the current knowledge of short and long term adaptations of the neuromuscular system. The manifestation and (metabolic) mechanisms of neuromuscular fatigue during high intensity exercise is addressed using own research examples. Neuromuscular performance is impaired during aging and with a chronic decrease in usage, such as during bed rest, diseases, injuries, neuromuscular disorders and (most extreme) after a spinal cord injury. Underlying (molecular) processes leading to decreased performance of the neuromuscular system are discussed, mostly based on ones recent own research.

**Onderwijsvorm**
The course will consist of a series of lectures during which relevant questions are addressed and discussed. In additional meetings relevant items are addressed in group discussions based on prepared questions/statements.

**Toetsvorm**
Assessment
Written test with open-ended questions.
Literatuur
Book chapters, research articles and review papers to be made available before the course.

Vereiste voorkennis
The student should have a basic knowledge and understanding of molecular, biology, exercise and muscle physiology.

History and Theory of Movement Sciences

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vakcode</th>
<th>B_HTONS (900661)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Periode</td>
<td>Periode 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credits</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voertaal</td>
<td>Engels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faculteit</td>
<td>Faculteit der Bewegingswetenschappen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coördinator</td>
<td>dr. O.G. Meijer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Docent(en)</td>
<td>dr. O.G. Meijer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lesmethode(n)</td>
<td>Hoorcollege, Werkcollege</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Niveau</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Doel vak
Students will be confronted with the overall development of movement science, and thereby better understand its central problems. A systems theory analysis is used to highlight the problem of relationships between different levels. Students are trained in critical reading of published papers.

Inhoud vak
Lectures: Introduction into the history of movement sciences, the relevance of systems theory, and the problem of the relationship between levels. Discussion in small groups: learning to discuss and analyze movement science papers.

Onderwijsvorm
Lectures, discussion groups. Students who attend all discussions in small groups on movement science papers, and who have prepared these discussions appropriately, are exempted from the corresponding part of the written examination.

Toetsvorm
Written examination.

Literatuur
Lecture notes.

Intermuscular Load Sharing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vakcode</th>
<th>B_INMUSCLOAD (900809)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Periode</td>
<td>Periode 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credits</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voertaal</td>
<td>Engels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faculteit</td>
<td>Faculteit der Bewegingswetenschappen</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Doel vak

• The student is able to explain the most common methods for inverse mechanical analysis of muscle-joint systems and is able to apply these.
• The student is able to describe the possibilities and limitations of these methods.
• The student is able to describe recent insights on mechanical and neural connectivity between muscles and can integrate these insights into the inverse mechanical analysis.
• The student is able to assess the validity and sensitivity of such methods and can interpret and report results in a scientific format.

Inhoud vak

In this course, the students are introduced to methods to estimate the mechanical load on structures in a muscle-joint system through inverse mechanical analysis. Since muscle-joint systems are mechanically indeterminate, estimating the distribution of the net moment over moment-producing structures (mainly muscles) is the main challenge. The course consists of three major subjects. First, after a general introduction on modeling and model validation, EMG driven and optimization models for estimating the distribution of the net moment over muscles will be dealt with and data on load sharing as measured in animal experiments will be discussed in the context of such models. During a computer lab students will modify and use a simple model of a muscle-joint system driven by optimization. Second, the mechanical and neural connectivity between muscles will be introduced in a lecture. In the subsequent computer lab, the model will be adapted to study the effects of intermuscular force transmission and neural overflow. Third, a formal analysis of joint stability will be introduced and the effects of stability requirements on load sharing between muscles will be discussed. In the following computer lab, students will apply stability constraints in the model to further study these effects. Based on sensitivity analyses for specified inputs, parameters, or model assumptions with the model, students will prepare a written report with respect to a self-selected question related to one of the three parts of the course.

Onderwijsvorm

Lectures 11 hours
Reading articles 8 hours
Article assignment 4 hours
Computer labs 6 hours
Preparing presentation 3 hours
Final assignment 52 hours

Toetsvorm

Students, in groups of two, write a written report based on the topic of one of the three computer labs (optimization criteria, intermuscle
connectivity, stability constraints). They phrase a research question and hypothesis with respect to this topic and perform the analyses needed to answer the question. First a proposal is written and submitted for feedback. The report should have the format of a research paper. However, the introduction section should be limited to a minimum (i.e., one paragraph; ~200-300 words), including the research question and hypothesis. The report should describe in detail which analyses were performed using which models (methods) and provide the results of the analyses. The discussion should incorporate relevant methodological literature and literature concerning the question at hand. The total number of pages should not exceed 20 excluding references.

Literatuur
A series of papers will be made available at the start of the course.

Vereiste voorkennis
- The student should have a basic knowledge and understanding of the human musculoskeletal anatomy as described for example in Human Anatomy. E.N. Marieb & J. Mallatt (Eds.), Benjamin-Cummings Publishing Company, 3rd edition, ISBN: 0-8053-5335-6, chapters 1.1-1.16; 4.88-4.102; 4.99-4.102; 9.212-9.239; 10.244-10.253; 11.266-11.270.
- The student should have knowledge and understanding of biomechanics (at the level described for example in Kinetics of Human Motion. V. M. Zatsiorsky (Ed.), Human Kinetics, 1st ed. 2002, Chapters 1-5.
- The student should have a basic knowledge and understanding of the physiology of muscles and their control at the level described for example in Physiology of Sport and Exercise, J.H. Willmore & D.L. Costill (Eds.), Human Kinetics, ISBN 0-87322-693-3, chapters 2-3.
- The student should have knowledge of and skill in programming in matlab at the level described for example in: Signalen in beweging - het verwerken van digitale signalen met MATLAB. T. de Haan (Ed.), Faculteit der Bewegingswetenschappen Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam, zevende druk, zomer 2011 or the English translation (both available on blackboard sites of the VU University, Faculty of Human Movement Sciences) or as described in Engineering problem solving with MATLAB, D. M. Etter (Ed.), Prentice-Hall, International, Inc. ISBN 0-13-520891-2, chapters 2 – 4.

Aanbevolen voorkennis
•The student is able to explain the most common methods for inverse mechanical analysis of muscle-joint systems and is able to apply these.
•The student is able to describe the possibilities and limitations of these methods.
•The student is able to describe recent insights on mechanical and neural connectivity between muscles and can integrate these insights into the inverse mechanical analysis.
•The student is able to assess the validity and sensitivity of such methods and can interpret and report results in a scientific format.

Overige informatie
Max. number of students 24

Introduction into the Clinic

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vakcode</th>
<th>B_INTROCLIN (900803)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Credits</td>
<td>6.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voertaal</td>
<td>Engels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faculteit</td>
<td>Faculteit der Bewegingswetenschappen</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Doel vak
To understand the impact of locomotor pathology on the lives of patients, to know how clinical decision making for such patients unfolds itself, to understand what kind(s) of research we can do to understand locomotor pathology and to help the patients in question, to communicate with others about these topics.

Inhoud vak
Pairs of students will attend consultations of two medical specialists (about 8 hours each), then select, together with the specialist, a patient to evaluate, provided this patient agrees with the procedures. Students will then interview the patient, introduce the patient to the course coordinator, and follow the patient's road through the medical system (for about 2 months). Students produce a paper a) presenting the impact of the pathology on the patient's life, b) capturing the kind(s) of research students of Fundamental and Clinical Human Movement Sciences can do (see: aim). These papers are presented, in such a way that each student presents at least once, and that the whole group comes to know about each patient. In principle, the coordinator and the specialist in question will attend this presentation.

Learning activities:
1. Attending consultation. Students select a medical specialization from, e.g., Internal Medicine, the Outpatient Clinic for Pain, Orthopaedic Surgery, Rheumatology, Neurology, Rehabilitation, etc. This choice is made in consultation with the course coordinator.
2. Following patients. It is important that students present the patient as soon as possible to the course coordinator, and that relatively frequent interaction between the students, the patient and the coordinator is maintained until the paper is produced.
3. The relevant literature. The paper will summarize relevant literature on: Current understanding of the pathology, current treatment options, the evidence for those options, and current priorities for research. Students are advised to consult the coordinator to locate relevant papers. For the main content of the paper, see Content.
4. Presentation. The course coordinator and the medical specialist receive the first draft of the paper, and give recommendations to improve it. As soon as the improved version is ready, a meeting is scheduled, in which the paper is presented and discussed. The student's mark is determined by the coordinator and the medical specialist, on the basis of the quality of the written product, the presentation, and, if any, feedback from the host(s) as well as the patient.

Onderwijsvorm
active participation

Toetsvorm
presentation
see content.

Literatuur
Students are required to select their own literature.
Maximal Neuromuscular Performance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vakcode</th>
<th>B. MAXNEUR (900678)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Periode</td>
<td>Periode 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credits</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voertaal</td>
<td>Engels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faculteit</td>
<td>Faculteit der Bewegingswetenschappen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coördinator</td>
<td>dr. C.J. de Ruiter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Docent(en)</td>
<td>dr. C.J. de Ruiter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lesmethode(n)</td>
<td>Hoorcollege</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Niveau</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Doel vak**
The student has knowledge of the role of muscle activation and (changing) muscle properties on maximal human neuromuscular performance during high intensity exercise and the student has knowledge of the relevant research methods.

The student can apply this knowledge to questions regarding testing and improving of maximal neuromuscular performance in sports (and rehabilitation).

The student is able to evaluate the validity and relevance of basic scientific literature for neuromuscular performance in a sport (rehabilitation) related context.

The student will be able to communicate (‘translate’) the implications of basic scientific knowledge of neuromuscular performance to practical issues raised by coaches and therapists in the field of sports (and rehabilitation).

The students will learn to critically read scientific papers on neuromuscular performance published in international journals.

**Inhoud vak**
During the course, a critical overview will be given of the current knowledge of maximal neuromuscular performance during relatively high intensity exercise of short duration (40 ms up to 5 min). Most examples will be provided from own research. The emphasis will be on the coupling between basic knowledge of muscle activation and (changing) muscle properties during human movement and their consequences for testing and training.

The following subjects will be addressed:
- Voluntary activation;
- Explosive force/power;
- Influence of temperature (incl. warm-up);
- Potentiation;
- Low frequency fatigue;
- Shortening deficit and lengthening force enhancement;
- Recruitment of motor units.
- Muscle oxygenation

**Onderwijsvorm**
The course will consist of a series of nine lectures, during which relevant practical questions will be used as a starting point, subsequently the focus will be on fundamental neuromuscular properties as studied in a series of accompanying scientific papers.
Toetsvorm
2.5-hour exam with open-ended questions.

Literatuur

Vereiste voorkennis
Sufficient knowledge of the basics of Muscle Physiology is absolutely necessary. In order to successfully participate, the students have to be familiar with the following concepts: twitch, tetanus, length-force, force- and power-velocity, and stimulation frequency-force relations, the size principle of motor unit recruitment, EMG, electrical stimulation, fibre type related differences in contractile properties, cross-bridge kinetics, excitation contraction coupling.

Mechanical and Adaptive Myology

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vakcode</th>
<th>B_MECHADMYO (900813)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Periode</td>
<td>Periode 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credits</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voertaal</td>
<td>Engels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faculteit</td>
<td>Faculteit der Bewegingswetenschappen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coördinator</td>
<td>dr. R.T. Jaspers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Docent(en)</td>
<td>dr. R.T. Jaspers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lesmethode(n)</td>
<td>Hoorcollege, Werkcollege, Practicum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Niveau</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Doel vak
At the end of this course, the student has detailed knowledge and understanding of the principles of functional morphology and physiology of the muscular system embedded within a connective tissue context as well as of the mechanical load induced adaptations thereof. The student is able to apply and discuss this knowledge with respect to problems and questions related to locomotion, movement, training induced muscle adaptation and orthopeadic interventions.

Inhoud vak
During the course, a critical evaluation is made of the current knowledge of how muscle structure and function are related and how these properties adapt in response to mechanical loading. This involves the subjects indicated below:
- force exertion by sarcomeres, muscle fibers, muscle and muscle tendon- complexes;
- elasticity;
- functional morphology and determinants of the muscle length- force-velocity characteristics;
- heterogeneity in mechanical properties and functional consequences;
- force transmission between muscle fiber, tendon and fascia;
- adaptation of muscle due to growth, immobilization, training and
surgical interventions;
- mechano-transduction and cellular signaling in the regulation of adaptation of muscle size.

**Onderwijsvorm**

lecture
practical
tutorial

The course consists of a series of lectures and tutorials. In this combination, the relevant topics will be addressed, explored and discussed. One practical is included in which the analysis of gene expression in muscle in response to mechanical loading will be introduced.

**Toetsvorm**

Exam

The assessment consists of:
- written examination (essay questions including calculations) - 90%;
- practical report - 10%.

**Literatuur**

Lecture notes, book chapters, research articles and review papers which will be made available before the course.

**Vereiste voorkennis**

The student should have basic knowledge and understanding of the muscle anatomy and physiology as well as molecular biology.

**Molecular Biology**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vakcode</th>
<th>B_MOLECULBIO (900801)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Periode</td>
<td>Periode 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credits</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voertaal</td>
<td>Engels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faculteit</td>
<td>Faculteit der Bewegingswetenschappen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coördinator</td>
<td>prof. dr. V. Everts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Docent(en)</td>
<td>prof. dr. V. Everts, dr. ir. T.J. de Vries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lesmethode(n)</td>
<td>Hoorcollege, Practicum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Niveau</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Doel vak**

1. General overview of molecular biology and its relevance for movement, faculty: prof. dr. V. Everts, format: lecture;
2. Omics and molecular biology, faculty: dr. B.P. Krom and dr. B.W. Brandt, format: lecture and workgroup;

**Inhoud vak**

This course provides an overview and insight into (1) general aspects of molecular biology, (2) molecular biology in relation to movement (muscles, nerves, bone, tendon), and (3) use of modern molecular biological techniques.

A general overview of molecular biology will be presented. Topics will
be discussed like structure and function of DNA, RNA, siRNA, transcription and translation. In addition interference with gene expression will be discussed (e.g., genetransfection, deletion). Molecular aspects of movement will be discussed with an emphasis on the functioning of muscles, nerves, bones and tendon, as well as other tissues in relation to movement and non-movement. A central issue will be the question how movement or the lack of movement affects the activity and protein expression of the cells associated with these tissues. Finally an in-depth insight in modern biological strategies for the analyses of (defects in) the above mentioned molecular aspects of movement and the tissues involved will be presented. The following techniques and their applications in cell biology will be highlighted:

1. Mutation detection, important for understanding effects of genomic mutations on cellular functioning;
2. RT-PCR, a breakthrough technique developed in the 1980's, which enables the study of gene expression and its relevance for physiological or pathological processes in minute biological samples;
3. DNA-sequencing, DNA-microarrays, transcriptomics and proteomics, elegant and valuable tools for studying gene-variations and gene-expression of a large number of genes in one biological sample;
4. RNA interference, a technique of the last decade with which you can inhibit the expression of specific RNA's, used to study the function of different genes;
5. Bioinformatics, the development, validation and application of computational techniques to the management, analyses and understanding of biological information.

Ultimate learning objective is to know more about molecular biology and its role in answering movement related research projects.

Onderwijsvorm
The course will include:
1. Tutorials/lectures for 4 hours on general aspects of Molecular Biology and transcription and translation (V. Everts);
2. Tutorials/lectures for 8 hours on bioinformatics, next-generation sequencing, DNA-microarrays, genomics and proteomics (B. Krom and B. Brandt);
3. Practicals for 3 days on qPCR and RNA interference (T. de Vries).

Toetsvorm
Open-ended questions and written report of the practicals
Written test with open-ended questions

Vereiste voorkennis
No entry requirements.

Neurosciences

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vakcode</th>
<th>B_NEUROSC (900804)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Periode</td>
<td>Periode 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credits</td>
<td>6.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voertaal</td>
<td>Engels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faculteit</td>
<td>Faculteit der Bewegingswetenschappen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coördinator</td>
<td>prof. dr. ir. D.F. Stegeman</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Docent(en)</td>
<td>prof. dr. A. Daffertshofer, prof. dr. ir. D.F. Stegeman</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Doel vak
1. De student heeft begrip van het basiscellulair en functioneel model van de neuronale communicatie en interactie.
2. De student heeft begrip van de relatie tussen elektrische activiteit op celniveau en macroscopische elektrophysiologische non-invasive EEG, MEG en EMG meetallen.
3. De student heeft begrip van het dynamische netwerk van het brein en kan basis computermodeltechnieken gebruiken om mechanismen te interpreteren.
4. De student weet hoe en waarom EEG-data moet worden verzameld en hoe deze moet worden geïnterpreteerd in relatie tot externe gebeurtenissen.
5. De student heeft begrip van de belangrijke mechanismen achter centrale zenuwziekten en hoe deze in abnormale breinvuil worden weerspiegeld.
6. De student is geconfronteerd met neuromuskulair ziektezustanden en de diagnostische hulpmiddelen voor basis differentiaaldiagnostiek.
7. De student kent de principes en toepassingen van de meest gebruikte technieken voor (functioneel) breinimaging ((f)MRI, PET, TMS).

Inhoud vak
Dit vak zal de functie van de menselijke zenuwstelsel aan verschillende aspecten benaderen. De student zal bekend worden met basiscellulaire benaderingen van neuronale communicatie en interactie. We zullen vervolgens de funactuele achtergrond van grotere activiteit in het centraal zenuwstelsel Dedicated. De student zal zich bevinden bekend met de algemene principes van elektrophysiologie en andere neurofysiologische beeldvorming technieken. De mogelijke rollen van oscillerende neuronale dynamiek worden verduidelijkt. De use van relevante methoden in de diagnoseproces van centrale zenuwziekten en in de recente ontwikkelingen rond hersen-computerinterfaces worden dan overwogen.

Onderwijsvorm
Lectures 17*2 hours, Computer practicals 3*4 hours, Practical Nijmegen 1*4 hours. The course is build around three main themes:
(i) Neurons and neural network behavior, (ii) Signals from the brain and their interpretation and (iii) Peripheral neuromuscular systems

Toetsvorm
2.5 hours; written test with equally weighted open- ended questions

Literatuur
Research articles and lecture hand-outs will be provided before the course.

Vereiste voorkennis
Basic knowledge and understanding of the neurophysiology of brain processes and neuromuscular control concerning membrane potential, ion channels, ion pumps, between neuron communication, function of different brain structures, movement control, spinal cord circuits and motor units.
Knowledge of and skills in programming in MATLAB at the level described for example in 'Verwerken van digitale signalen'

Perception for Action
Doel vak
The student is able to:
- describe the functioning of the sensory systems relevant for motor control;
- interpret scientific literature in the area of perception and apply it to the field of motor control.

Inhoud vak
The topic of this course is the question: how is sensory information processed to guide ones action? More specific: how do we know where a target and (a part of) our body is? The answers to these questions require knowledge about the sensory organs, their signals, and how these signals are processed and combined in order to be used to control our actions. Each topic (e.g. proprioception, binocular vision) is introduced by a lecture, but the focus of the course is on the discussion of papers of the last decade. The discussion will be about both the phenomenology and the mechanisms.

Onderwijsvorm
Amount of contact hours:
Lectures ('hoorcolleges') 7
Tutorials ('werkcolleges') 7
Assignments & self study 68
Practicals 2

Each meeting will be a combination of tutorial consisting of a discussion of the previous assignment (1 hour), and a lecture introducing to the topic of the next assignment (1 hour)

In the practical, the students will compare two psychophysical techniques and discuss their effectiveness in answering the question what perceptual information is available.

Toetsvorm
After each lecture, students receive an assignment. Six of them have to be handed in before the next meeting. These assignments are graded, and count for 10% of the final grade. The assignment after the final lecture will contribute 35%. The remaining 5% on completion of the practical.

Literatuur
Literature needed for the course will be distributed during the course.

Vereiste voorkennis

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vakcode</th>
<th>B_PERCACTION (900810)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Periode</td>
<td>Periode 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credits</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voertaal</td>
<td>Engels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faculteit</td>
<td>Faculteit der Bewegingswetenschappen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coördinator</td>
<td>prof. dr. J.B.J. Smeets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Docent(en)</td>
<td>prof. dr. J.B.J. Smeets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lesmethode(n)</td>
<td>Hoorcollege, Computerpracticum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Niveau</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
No entry requirements. Basic knowledge of the nervous system is expected (e.g. function of various brain areas).

**Overige informatie**
- The maximum number of participants in this course is limited to 40

**Psychological Factors in Sport**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vakcode</th>
<th>B_PSYFACSPRT (900676)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Periode</td>
<td>Periode 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credits</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voertaal</td>
<td>Engels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faculteit</td>
<td>Faculteit der Bewegingswetenschappen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coördinator</td>
<td>dr. R.R.D. Oudejans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Docent(en)</td>
<td>dr. R.R.D. Oudejans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lesmethode(n)</td>
<td>Hoorcollege, Werkcollege, Bijeenkomst</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Niveau</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Doel vak**
The student is able to:
- give an overview of several psychological factors that play a role in sport, the assumed working mechanisms as well as ways of influencing these factors with mental training;
- critically assess (recent) literature about psychological factors in sport and sport psychology on its thesis, content, empirical rigor and applicability;
- critically discuss (recent) literature about psychological factors in sport and sport psychology in a written report, culminating in the evaluation of the literature and a discussion of implications for sport (psychology) practice;
- critically assess and discuss papers of fellow students on contents, structure, writing and originality.

**Inhoud vak**
In this course several psychological factors that determine performance in sports will be discussed with special focus on the topics that are crucial in sports practice and have a prominent place in research at the Faculty of Human Movement Sciences. These are anxiety, choking under pressure, training under pressure, attentional control, and visual attention training. Other than that the content is for a large part determined individually as each student writes a paper on a key topic in sport psychology.

**Onderwijsvorm**
lecture 5 times 2 hours
discussion tutorial 1 meeting 4 hours
There are several lectures on topics in sport psychology. Other than that students will produce an individual paper on a topic in sport psychology and reviews of the papers of their fellow students.

**Toetsvorm**
Students produce a paper (80%) and reviews about papers of other students (20% of the final grade). The paper and reviews must at least be of sufficient quality to pass the course.
Literatuur
- Course manual (available on Blackboard);
- Recent articles and book chapters on psychological factors in sport and sport psychology.

Background literature:

or

Vereiste voorkennis

Research Internship Research Master

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vakcode</th>
<th>B_RIRM (900800)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Periode</td>
<td>Ac. Jaar (september)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credits</td>
<td>60.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voertaal</td>
<td>Engels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faculteit</td>
<td>Faculteit der Bewegingswetenschappen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Niveau</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Doel vak
During the research internship, students conduct scientific research in a ‘master - pupil relationship’.
The research project must be:
- aimed at a suitably challenging research question;
- conducted in a methodologically correct way;
- related to and based on the theory.

The aim the internship is to learn to perform under supervision the components of the research process (formulating a research question, creating a hypothesis, planning and conducting experiments, processing the data, interpretation of the results and reporting) and to gain insight in the connection between these components.

Onderwijsvorm
The student conducts the research internship within one of the research programs of MOVE, under the supervision of one of more MOVE members within the programme. The subject of the internship is chosen in consultation with the coordinator. Students are advised to participate in the meetings of at least one of the MOVE research programs (www.move.vu.nl) during the first year of the MSc program, to prepare the choice of a research topic. Once the subject and the internship supervisor(s) have been established, the student writes a proposal, comprising research question, hypothesis(es), methods statistics and planning. In addition to a time schedule, the latter should include choices for equipment and indications for organization of the work. After the proposal has been approved by the supervisor(s), it is presented during a meeting of the research group. The time available
for supervision is in the order of 80 hrs.

The student can opt to divide the internship in two parts, a major internship (36 EC) to which the above applies and a second internship in another research institute, preferably abroad (24 EC). For these minor internships a MOVE member will be appointed as supervisor (by the coordinator). The main responsibilities for supervision will be delegated to the external supervisor.

**Toetsvorm**
The evaluation of the research internship is performed using a standardized form (available on the course blackboard site) and is based on the following elements:
- the research proposal (originality, relevance and methodological quality);
- actual performance of the study, quality of data collection and processing;
- the report (this should contain a description of the work preferably in the format of a journal paper and a detailed description data acquisition, data analysis and data storage);
- The oral presentation of the report during the work group meeting.

The proposal and overall performance of the student during the internship are judged by the internship supervisor(s). The report and the oral presentation are judged by both the internship supervisor(s) and a second assessor from the same research program but not directly involved in the project. The quality of the proposal and the performance of the study make up 40 % of the mark, the report makes up 50 % and the oral presentation makes up the final 10 %.

For minor internships performed outside MOVE, the role of the internal supervisor can be limited to that of assessor of the report. In all cases, the external supervisor advises the MOVE supervisor with respect to the mark on all elements mentioned above, but the MOVE supervisor decides on the final mark.

**Sport Biomechanics**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vakcode</th>
<th>B_SPORTBIO (900673)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Periode</td>
<td>Periode 5+6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credits</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voertaal</td>
<td>Engels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faculteit</td>
<td>Faculteit der Bewegingswetenschappen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lesmethoden(n)</td>
<td>Hoorcollege, Practicum, Computerpracticum</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Doel vak**
To apply biomechanical knowledge to sports related problems and understand the difficulties of performing research for the daily support of Athletes.

**Inhoud vak**
The course will focus on the biomechanical analysis of movements in technical sports. This year the course will focus on areal movements in the flight phase. A mathematical description of the flights phase and the relation between the different rotations about the body axes will be analyzed in detail. In the first part of the practical work the
rotational modes of a free body will be analyzed.

In the second part of the practical work a problem from daily sports practice will be analyzed and a proposal will be made as to how the problem can be dealt with and what the implications are for the coach and athlete.

Knowledge of biomechanics, inverse and forward dynamics will be used to tackle current biomechanical problems from gymnastics. Basic and advanced analysis techniques will be discussed and there usability for sports practice.

**Onderwijsvorm**
Lecture
Practical work

**Toetsvorm**
Practical report and Oral presentation

**Literatuur**
Will appear on blackboard.

**Aanbevolen voorkennis**
A good understanding of biomechanics, inverse and forward dynamics is required:
900104: Biomechanica (Students are expected to have sufficient knowledge of this subject)
9 inverse dynamica (Students are expected to have sufficient knowledge of this subject)
900215: Mechanische analyse van het menselijk bewegen (Students are expected to have sufficient knowledge of this subject)
The course will be using Matlab.

**Statistics for Experimental Research**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vakcode</th>
<th>B_STATEXPRES (900683)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Periode</td>
<td>Periode 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credits</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voertaal</td>
<td>Engels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faculteit</td>
<td>Faculteit der Bewegingswetenschappen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coördinator</td>
<td>dr. M.J.M. Hoozemans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Docent(en)</td>
<td>dr. M.J.M. Hoozemans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lesmethode(n)</td>
<td>Hoorcollege, Werkcollege, Computerpracticum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Niveau</td>
<td>400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Doel vak**
On the basis of case descriptions and raw data the student is capable to:
• determine the research designs and choose, justify and perform the appropriate statistical analyses (t-tests or ANOVAs or their non-parametric counterparts) using SPSS.
• report the analyses and the results in the same way as is commonly done in methods and results sections of scientific journal articles.
Inhoud vak
Students will learn ins and outs of applying and interpreting statistical techniques that are common or are becoming common in experimental research. The topics covered in this course are:
• Research design
• Basic statistical principles (e.g. data exploration)
• Estimating a population mean from a sample
• Independent and paired t-tests and their associated confidence intervals
• Non-parametric difference tests
• One-way ANOVA (between subjects and repeated measures)
• Factorial ANOVA (two-way between subjects, two-way repeated measures, two-way mixed design)
• Effect size
• Data transformations
• Power and sample size estimation
There will be lectures and SPSS practical sessions for all the topics covered in the course.

Onderwijsvorm
The four days of teaching are taken up with lectures, tutorials and SPSS practical sessions with session assignments in which students perform statistical tests.

Toetsvorm
The students have to take an interim examination. It will focus on t-tests, non-parametric difference tests, one-way ANOVA and factorial ANOVA.

Literatuur

Studentbegeleiding

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vakcode</th>
<th>B_STDBEG ()</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Periode</td>
<td>Ac. Jaar (september)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credits</td>
<td>6.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voertaal</td>
<td>Nederlands</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faculteit</td>
<td>Faculteit der Bewegingswetenschappen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coördinator</td>
<td>drs. M.G.J. Buijtenweg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Time Series Analysis

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vakcode</th>
<th>B_TIMESERANA (900814)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Periode</td>
<td>Periode 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Credits</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Doel vak
Students will learn various techniques for the analysis of time series. A brief sketch of the mathematical background will enable students to select and apply proper methods for the study of signals typically found in the movement sciences. As examples range from kinematic and (neuro-) physiological signals students will get well-equipped to analyze and interpret their own experimental recordings.

Inhoud vak
Recent advances in recording techniques and increasing data storage capacity render time series analysis a challenge. In this course various uni-, bi-, and multivariate methods for the study of experimental data will be outlined and critically discussed. Statistical time-domain approaches go hand in hand with Fourier analysis, Hilbert and Gabor transforms, wavelet decomposition, et cetera. For the multivariate extension primary focus will be on principal and independent component analysis and on investigating recordings of whole-body kinematics and electromyographic signals. All techniques will be discussed based on current research articles and implemented by means of numerical exercises (Matlab).

Onderwijsvorm
21 contact hours (4 seminars, 7 practicals, 10 lectures); 59 hours self-study

A mixture of lectures, seminars, and computer practicals. At the computer students will analyze typical examples of movement-related, temporal data like kinematic or electromyographic signals. During the seminars, research articles on the analysis of movement dynamics will be discussed on the basis of brief summaries written by the students (writing assignment).

Toetsvorm
60% of the grade is determined by the written exam (essay questions). 20% is determined by the quality of the written summaries and 20% by the quality of solution of the computer practicals.

Literatuur
• Several research articles that will be provided

Vereiste voorkennis
Basic knowledge of Matlab is mandatory.

Aanbevolen voorkennis
Basic knowledge of Matlab is mandatory

Tissue Engineering and Mechanobiology
At the end of the course, the student is able to:

- Describe and understand the principles of tissue engineering and regenerative medicine
- Describe and understand the clues derived from embryogenesis, and how these may be implemented in tissue engineering and regenerative medicine
- use the knowledge provided in this course to formulate strategies to translate and clinically implement the principles of tissue engineering (“from bench to bedside”)

This course addresses regenerative medicine, also referred to as reparative medicine or tissue engineering, which is the regeneration and remodeling of tissue in vivo in order to repair, replace, maintain or enhance organ function, as well as to engineer and grow functional tissue substitutes in vitro for implantation in vivo as biological substitutes for damaged or diseased tissues and organs. Regenerative medicine is a multidisciplinary field involving biology, medicine, and engineering. Regenerative medicine will revolutionize surgical disciplines, and is expected to become the surgical golden standard of the upcoming decade by supporting and activating the body’s natural healing.

The course will address:
- the general build-up of organisms (organs, tissues, and their basic building blocks: the cells and the matrices surrounding them) and the various modes/levels of communication and organization.
- lessons to be learned from embryogenesis and epimorphic regeneration (regeneration of entire tissues and organs, e.g. observed in amphibians)
- basics of cell biology and mechanobiology
- the main regenerative medicine building blocks: biomaterials, biologics (inductive stimuli) and (stem) cells.
- how to “translate” basic regenerative medicine/tissue engineering principles from fundamental research via translational research towards clinical implementation (“from bench to bedside”)
- examples of tissue engineering research on the VU campus

Onderwijsvorm

lectures: 18h
tutorials/presentations/discussions: 14h
Exam: 2.5h

Toetsvorm
Doel vak
1. Knowledge and Understanding:
   - A general knowledge of and insight into the main clinical issues
     (epidemiology, pathophysiology, consequences and treatment modalities)
     with regard to diseases that affect the locomotor system.
   - Knowledge of current research questions and translational research
     projects at VUmc/MOVE
2. Applying knowledge and Understanding:
   - The ability to integrate knowledge from human movement sciences and
     medicine
   - The ability to frame tentative research questions relevant to a
     specific locomotor disease, by applying knowledge from human movement
     science.
3. Making Judgments:
   - The ability to reflect on ethical and practical issues that constrain
     the feasibility to perform applied studies in the area of locomotor
     diseases.
   - The ability to formulate relevant hypotheses regarding research
     questions on translational research in locomotor diseases.
   - The ability to reflect on the scientific relevance and societal value
     of achievements in translational research on locomotor diseases.
4. Communication:
   - The ability to communicate with fellow researchers as well as
     clinicians, and finding ways to bridge gaps between different conceptual
     frameworks that are current in human movement science and medicine
5. Learning skills:
   - The ability to write a research proposal that could serve as starting
     point for a research master thesis (i.e. a scientific report in the form
     of a scientific (peer-reviewed) paper).

Inhoud vak
This course provides an overview of leading innovative research and
medical treatments in the field locomotor disease, rehabilitation and
movement science. Each topic of this module is designed around a
clinical theme, i.e. a specific disease. A general introduction will
include a discussion on the main clinical problems, related to the
design of possible new treatments. This discussion will be focused on
how methods and techniques from the several medical disciplines as well
as the movement sciences are being applied to study and treat locomotor
disease. Both neurological diseases (progressive as well as non
progressive) as degenerative diseases of the skeletal system will be
discussed. Also general principles of clinical movement analysis and
outcome measurements are part of this module.

Onderwijsvorm
Topics:
Joint Replacement
Hand Surgery
Parkinson’s Disease
Cerebral Palsy
Cerebro Vascular Accident
Clinical Movement Analysis
Rheumatoid Arthritis
Osteoarthritis
Endocrinology/Osteoporosis
Clinimetrics in Neurorehabilitation
Multiple Sclerosis
Ankylosing Spondilitis
Obstetric Plexus Brachialis Lesion
Amputation/ prosthethics
Spinal Cord Injury

Toetsvorm
paper: research proposal 100%

Literatuur
- literature to be studied: will be provided through blackboard
- additional literature: will be provided through blackboard

Vereiste voorkennis
Not applicable